

seed coat

*noun*botany

noun: seed coat; plural noun: seed coats

1 the protective outer coat of a seed.

hi·lum

'hīləm/

*noun*botany

noun: hilum; plural noun: hila

1 the scar on a seed marking the point of attachment to its seed vessel.

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mi-cro-pyle

'mīkrəˌpīl/

*noun*botany

noun: micropyle; plural noun: micropyles

a small opening in the surface of an ovule, through which the pollen tube penetrates, often visible as a small pore in the ripe seed.



cot·y·le·don

ˌkädəˈlēdn/

nounbotany

noun: cotyledon; plural noun: cotyledons

an embryonic leaf in seed-bearing plants, one or more of which are the first leaves to appear from a germinating seed.

plu-mule ploomyool/

noun

noun: plumule; plural noun: plumules

1 BOTANY

the rudimentary shoot or stem of an embryo plant.

ep·i·cot·yl

epi kätl/

*noun*botany

noun: epicotyl; plural noun: epicotyls

1 the region of an embryo or seedling stem above the cotyledon.

hy-po-cot-yl

'hīpə kätl, hīpə kätl/

*noun*botany

noun: hypocotyl; plural noun: hypocotyls

the part of the stem of an embryo plant beneath the stalks of the seed leaves, or cotyledons, and directly above the root.

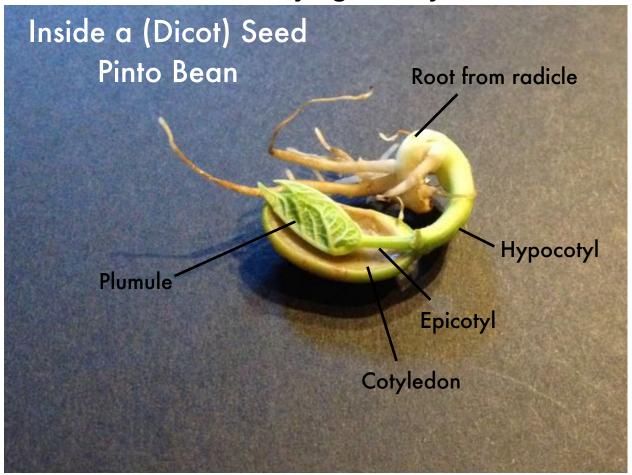
rad·i·cle

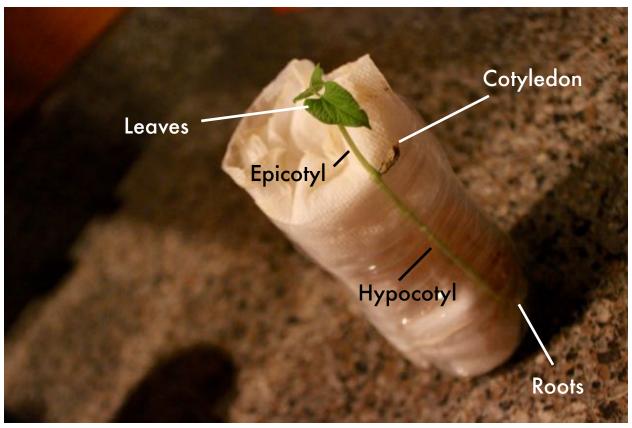
'radikəl/

nounBOTANY

noun: radicle; plural noun: radicles

1 the part of a plant embryo that develops into the primary root.





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